



DO	Doc. Number :					
	Tentative Specification					
	Preliminary Specification					
	Approval Specification					

MODEL NO.: R190EFE SUFFIX: L62

Customer: Dview	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title	
Please return 1 copy for you signature and comments.	r confirmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
		Aston.YY.Chen



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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Section	Description
draft	29 th Oct, 2013	All	Draft version specification was first issued.



1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

R190EFE-L62 is a 19" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with LED Backlight unit and 30 pins and one port 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 1024 SXGA and displays 16.7M colors driven by 8bit drivers. The converter module for Backlight is built in.

1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Screen Size	19" real diagonal		
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B. x 1024	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.294 (H) x 0.294 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	Sub-pixel Vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Dual domain IPS, Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating	-	-
Luminance, White	300	Cd/m2	
Power Consumption Total (23)W(Typ.)@cell (5) W (Typ.), BL (18 W) (Typ.)			

Note (1) The specified power consumption: Total= cell (reference 4.3.1)+BL (reference 4.3.3)

2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)		396		mm	
Module Size	Vertical (V)		324		mm	(1)
	Thickness (T)		(14)		mm	
Bezel Area	Horizontal		380.3		mm	
Dezei Alea	Vertical		305		mm	
Active Area	Horizontal		376.32		mm	
Active Area	Vertical		301.06		mm	
Weight			(1400)		g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.		NOLE	
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	

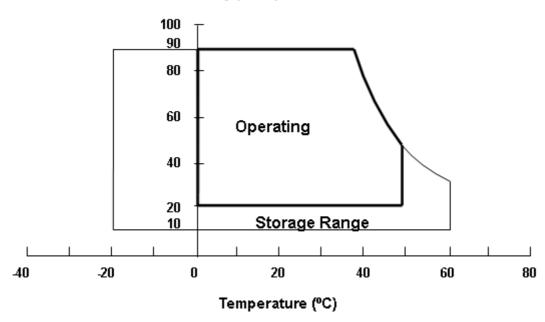
Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta <= 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.



Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 60 °C max.

Relative Humidity (%RH)



3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCCS	-0.3	13.2	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	4.3	V	(1)

3.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Symbol Value			Unit	Note	
Item	Syllibol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Offic	Note	
LED Forward Current Per Input Pin	I _F	0	(150)	TBD	mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%	
LED Pulse Forward Current Per Input Pin	l _P			TBD	mA	(1), (2) Pulse Width≦10msec. and Duty≦30%	

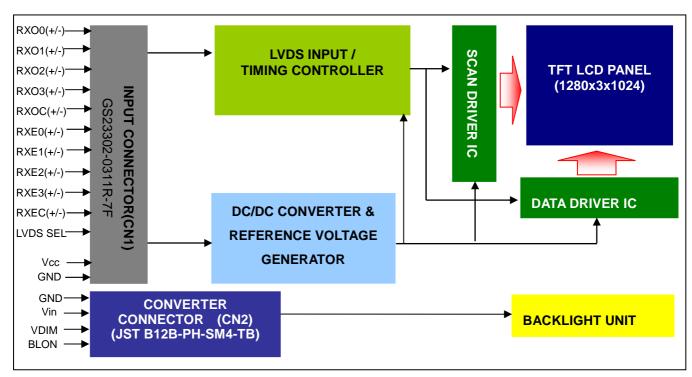
Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for input pin of LED light bar at Ta=25±2 °C (Refer to 4.3.3 and 4.3.4 for further information).



4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS

PIN ASSIGNMENT

	CINIVILINI	
Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
		. , ,



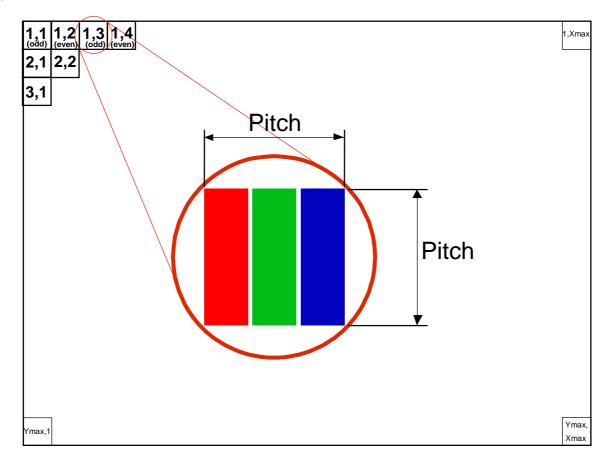
24	GND	Ground
25	LVDS_SEL	0:VESA Mode; 1:JEITA Mode (0 : low or open ; 1 : 3.3V)
26	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
27	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open
28	V _{CC} (12V)	+12.0V power supply
29	V _{CC} (12V)	+12.0V power supply
30	V _{CC} (12V)	+12.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: MSAKT2407P30A (STM)

Note (2) The first pixel is odd.

Note (3) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

Note (4) The module uses a 100-ohm resistor between positive and negative data lines of each receiver input.





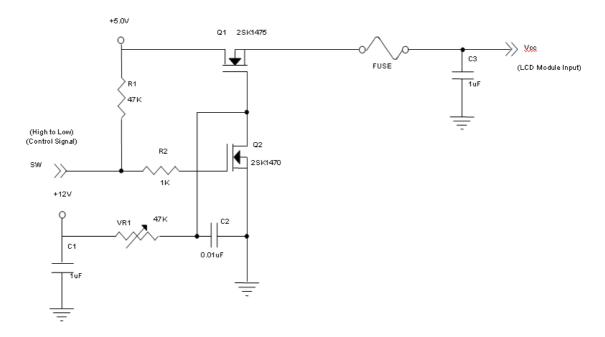
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION

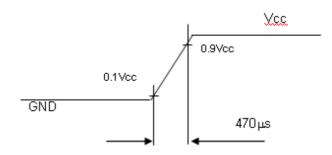
Parame	tor	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
raiailie	:101	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Supply	Vcc	TBD	12.0	TBD	V	-	
Ripple Vo	Itage	V_{RP}	-	-	TBD	mV	-
Rush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}	-	-	TBD	Α	(2)
	White		1	(0.456)	(0.638)	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		1	(0.220)	(0.308)	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe		1	(0.375)	(0.525)	Α	(3)c
Power Cons	umption	PLCD	•	(4.92)	(6.888)	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential	input voltage	Vid		TBD		mV	
LVDS common in	Vic		TBD		V		
LVDS Logic High	VIH		TBD		V		
LVDS Logic Low	Input Voltage	VIL		TBD		V	

Note (1) The ambient temperature is $Ta = 25 \pm 2$ °C.

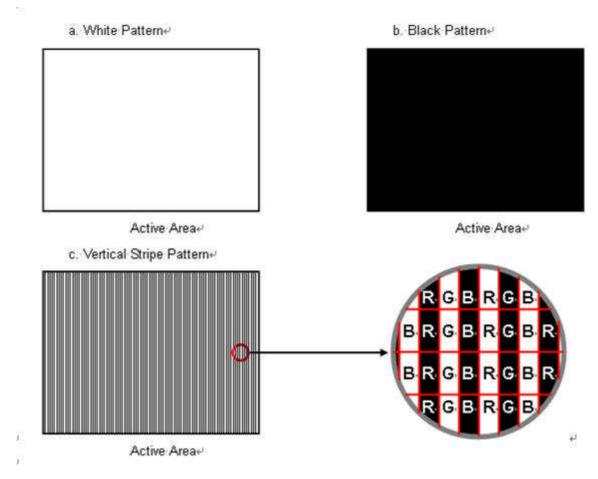
Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470µs



Note (3) The specified max power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12.0 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, Fr = 60Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

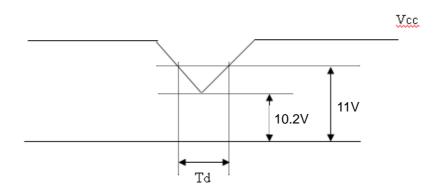


Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.



4.3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition

- Dip condition: $10.2V \le Vcc \le 11.1V, Td \le 20ms$



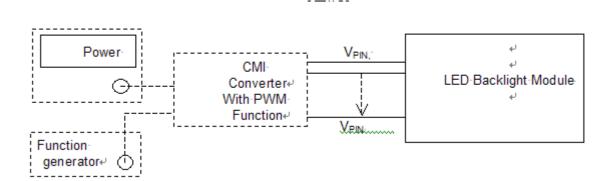
4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
r arameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
LED Light Bar Input Voltage Per Input Pin	VPIN		(35.2)	TBD	V	(1), Duty=100%, IPIN=150mA
LED Light Bar Current Per Input Pin	IPIN		(150)		mA	(1), (2) Duty=100%
LED Life Time	LLED	50000			Hrs	(3)
Power Consumption	PBL		(18)	TBD	W	(1) Duty=100%, IPIN=150mA

Note (1) LED light bar input voltage and current are measured by utilizing a true RMS multimeter as shown below:

Note (2) PBL(Typ) = IPIN(Typ) \times VPIN(Typ) \times PBL(Max) = IPIN(TYP) \times VPIN(Max) \times input pins..

Note (3) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when LED packages continue to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C and I= 150mA (per chip) until the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value.

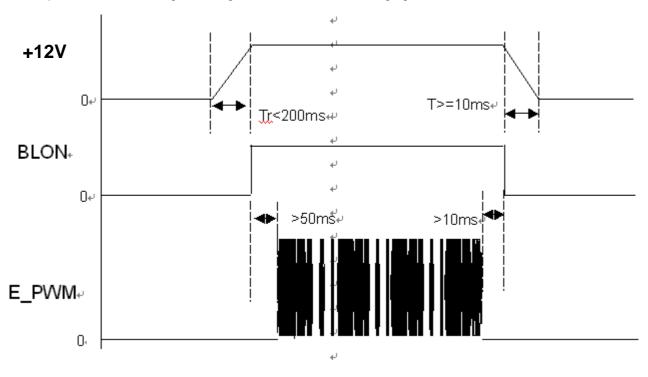




4.3.4 CONVERTER ELECTRICAL CHARATERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
- arameter		Cymicon	Min.	Тур.	Max.	01111	11010
Converter Power Sup	Converter Power Supply Voltage			(12)	TBD	V	(Duty 100%)
Converter Power Sup	ply Current	l _i	TBD	(1.5)	TBD	Α	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Input Power Consump	Input Power Consumption				TBD	W	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
BL Control Level	Backlight on	BLON	(2)	(3.3)	(5.0)	V	
BL Control Level	Backlight off	BLON	0	0	(8.0)	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	E PWM	(2.0)	(3.3)	(5.0)	٧	
PWW Control Level	PWM Low Level		0	0	(8.0)	٧	
PWM Control Duty Ra	PWM Control Duty Ratio		TBD		100	%	
PWM Control Frequer	PWM Control Frequency			(200)	TBD	Hz	

Power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the following figure



Note: While system is turned ON or OFF, the power sequences must follow as below descriptions

Turn ON sequence: Vi(+12V) \rightarrow BLON \rightarrow E_PWM signal Turn OFF sequence: E_PWM signal \rightarrow BLON \rightarrow Vi(+12V) The definition of T_r: the time period of 10%*V_i to 90%*V_i The definition of T_f: the time period of 90%*V_i to 10%*V_i



4.3.5 CONVERTER INPUT CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT

CN1 Connector: WM13-406-063N or equivalent

Pin number	Signal name	Feature
1	VBL	+12V
2	VBL	+12V
3	GND	GND
4	GND	GND
5	EN	Enable 0V ; disable 5V
6	E_PWM	External PWM Control for Positive(100%: 3.3V, 0%: 0V)

4.4 LVDS INPUT SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.4.1 LVDS DATA INPUT DATA ORDER (VESA mode)

			•	,										
LVDS_SEL = Groun	LVDS_SEL = Ground or Open													
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0						
LVDS Channel Ou	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0						
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8						
LVDS Channel O1	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1						
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19						
LVD3 Charmer 02	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2						
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27						
LVD3 Charmer O3	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6						
LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0						
LVD3 Channel EU	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0						
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8						
LVD3 Channel E i	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1						
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19						
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2						
LVDS Channel E3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27						
LVD3 GHanner E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6						

4.4.2 LVDS DATA INPUT DATA ORDER (JEITA mode)

		-					
LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Data order	OG2	OR7	OR6	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2
LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
Data order	OB3	OB2	OG7	OG6	OG5	OG4	OG3
LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB7	OB6	OB5	OB4
LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
Data order	NA	OB1	OB0	OG1	OG0	OR1	OR0
LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Data order	EG2	ER7	ER6	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2
LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
Data order	EB3	EB2	EG7	EG6	EG5	EG4	EG3
LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB7	EB6	EB5	EB4
LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
Data order	NA	EB1	EB0	EG1	EG0	ER1	ER0
	Data order LVDS output	Data order OG2 LVDS output D18 Data order OB3 LVDS output D26 Data order DE LVDS output D23 Data order NA LVDS output D7 Data order EG2 LVDS output D18 Data order EB3 LVDS output D26 Data order EB3 LVDS output D26 Data order DE LVDS output D26 Data order DE	Data order OG2 OR7 LVDS output D18 D15 Data order OB3 OB2 LVDS output D26 D25 Data order DE NA LVDS output D23 D17 Data order NA OB1 LVDS output D7 D6 Data order EG2 ER7 LVDS output D18 D15 Data order EB3 EB2 LVDS output D26 D25 Data order DE NA LVDS output D23 D17	Data order OG2 OR7 OR6 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 Data order OB3 OB2 OG7 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 Data order DE NA NA LVDS output D23 D17 D16 Data order NA OB1 OB0 LVDS output D7 D6 D4 Data order EG2 ER7 ER6 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 Data order EB3 EB2 EG7 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 Data order DE NA NA LVDS output D23 D17 D16	Data order OG2 OR7 OR6 OR5 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 Data order OB3 OB2 OG7 OG6 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 Data order DE NA NA OB7 LVDS output D23 D17 D16 D11 Data order NA OB1 OB0 OG1 LVDS output D7 D6 D4 D3 Data order EG2 ER7 ER6 ER5 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 Data order EB3 EB2 EG7 EG6 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 Data order DE NA NA EB7 LVDS output D23 D17 D16 D11	Data order OG2 OR7 OR6 OR5 OR4 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 D12 Data order OB3 OB2 OG7 OG6 OG5 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 D21 Data order DE NA NA OB7 OB6 LVDS output D23 D17 D16 D11 D10 Data order NA OB1 OB0 OG1 OG0 LVDS output D7 D6 D4 D3 D2 Data order EG2 ER7 ER6 ER5 ER4 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 D12 Data order EB3 EB2 EG7 EG6 EG5 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 D21 Data order DE NA NA EB7 EB6 LVDS output D23 D17	Data order OG2 OR7 OR6 OR5 OR4 OR3 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 D12 D9 Data order OB3 OB2 OG7 OG6 OG5 OG4 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 D21 D20 Data order DE NA NA OB7 OB6 OB5 LVDS output D23 D17 D16 D11 D10 D5 Data order NA OB1 OB0 OG1 OG0 OR1 LVDS output D7 D6 D4 D3 D2 D1 Data order EG2 ER7 ER6 ER5 ER4 ER3 LVDS output D18 D15 D14 D13 D12 D9 Data order EB3 EB2 EG7 EG6 EG5 EG4 LVDS output D26 D25 D24 D22 D21

Version draft for Dview



4.4.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da	ta S	Sign	al										
	Color				Re									een							Bl				
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7		G5	G4			G1	G0	B7	B6	B5		ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cross	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.001	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



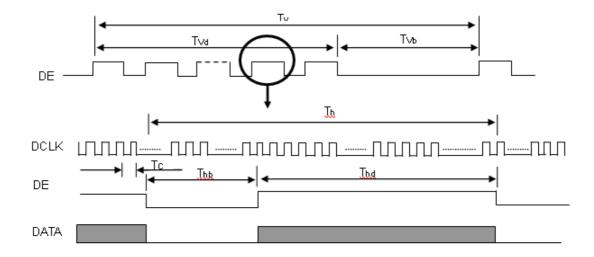
4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	45.74	54	75.03	MHz	-
	Period	Tc	13.33	18.5	21.8	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T_{rcl}	-0.02*Tc		0.02*Tc	ns	(1)
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*Tc	-	0.02*Tc	ps	(2)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F _{clkin_mod}	-	-	400	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}		-	200	KHz	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	56	60	75	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
	Total	Tv	1034	1066	1124	Th	-
Vertical Display Term	Active Display	Tvd	1024	1024	1024	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	42	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	790	844	890	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	Thd	640	640	640	Тс	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	204	Th-Thd	Tc	-

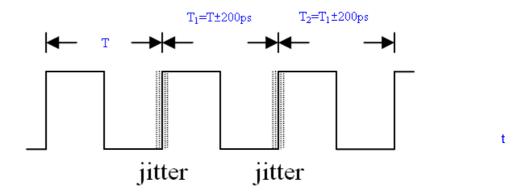
Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

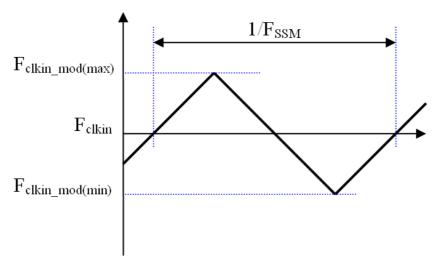


Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$



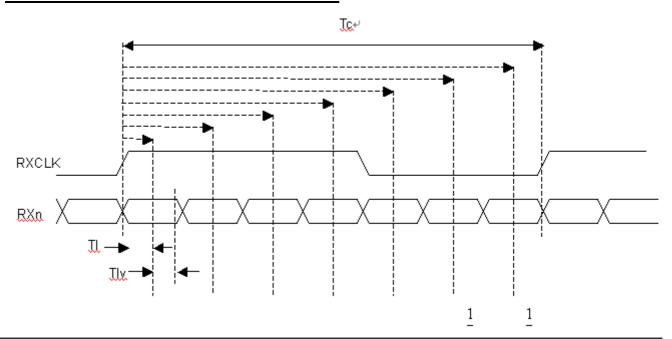


Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note(3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



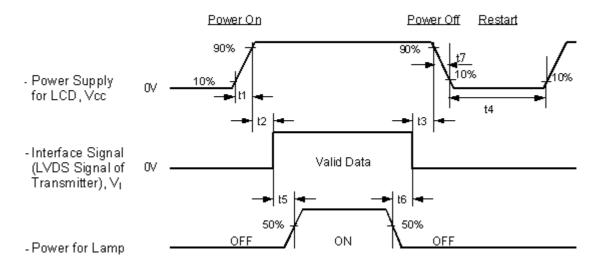
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4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

Parameters		Units		
Farameters	Min	Тур.	Max	Office
T1	0.5	-	10	msec
T2	0	-	50	msec
T3	0	-	50	msec
T4	500	-	=	msec
T5	450	•	-	msec
T6	90	-	-	msec
T7	5	-	100-	msec

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of V_{CC} = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power of and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note (6) It is not guaranteed that products are damaged which is caused by not following the Power Sequence.
- Note (7) It is suggested that Vcc falling time follows T7 specification; else slight noise is likely to occur when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off).



5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	လူ
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	12	V
Input Signal	According to	typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARAC	TERISTICS"
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%

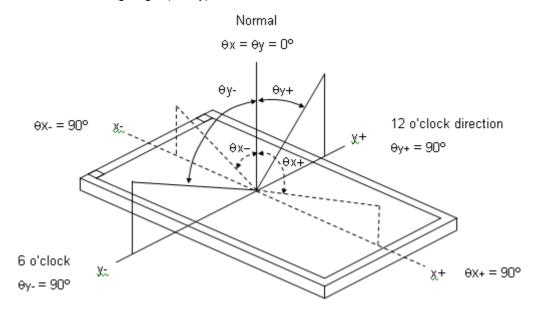
5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 5.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 5.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	R _x			(0.640)				
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Green	G _x G _y		Тур	(0.290) (0.600)	Тур.+	-	(1), (5)	
	Blue	B _x B _y	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° CS-1000T	0.03	(0.150) (0.060)	0.03		(1), (0)	
	White	W _x			(0.313) (0.329)				
Center Luminance of White		L _C			(300)		cd/m ²	(4), (5)	
Contrast Ratio		CR			(1000)		-	(2), (5)	
Response Time		T _R	$\theta_x=0^\circ, \ \theta_Y=0^\circ$		(15)	(25)	ms	(3)	
		T _F			(10)	(15)	ms	,	
White Variation(a	adjacent)	δW_a	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° USB2000	(90)			%	(5), (6)	
White Variation(total)	δW_t	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° USB2000	(70)			%	(5), (6)	
				80	85				
Viewing Angle	iewing Angle	⊖ y-	$CR \ge 10$	80	85		Dog	(1) (E)	
	gg		USB2000	80	85		Deg.	(1), (5)	
		⊖ _{x-}		80	85				



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

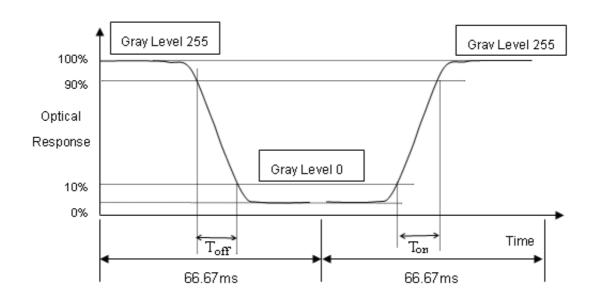
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (4).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (Ton, Toff):



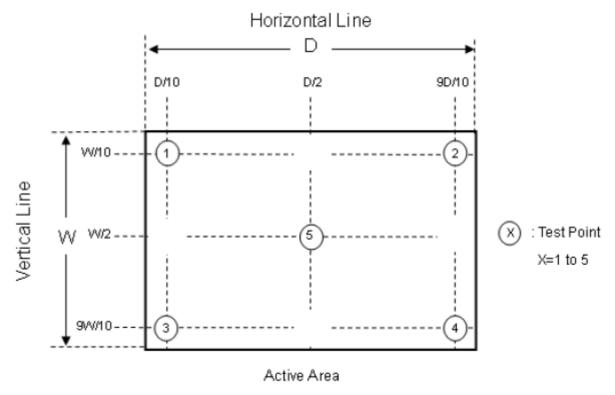


Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

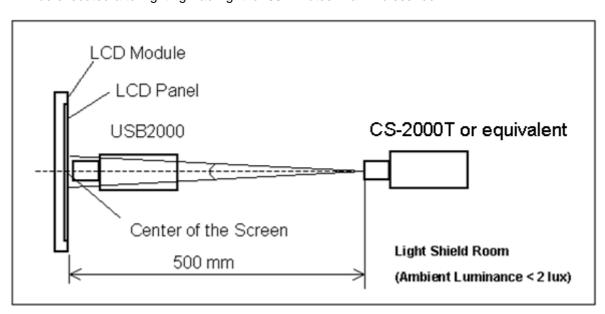
$$L_{C} = L(5)$$

L(x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the following figure.



Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 60 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 60 minutes in a windless room.



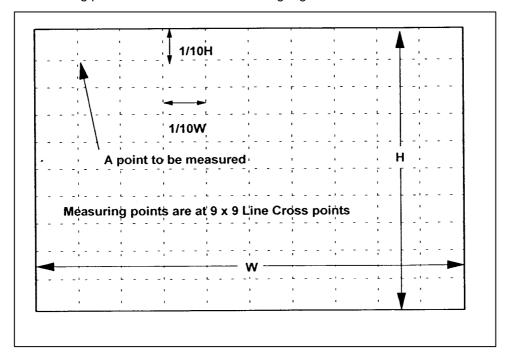


Note (6) There is the Uniformity Measurement below:

'L_{bright}' represents the Luminance of the point that is brighter than the other point to be compared.

'Ldark' represents the Luminance of the point that is darker than the other point to be compared.

Measuring points are shown in the following Fig.



When the backlight is on with all pixels in the white (maximum gray) level, the luminance uniformity is defined as follows;

Where:

L_{bright}: The luminance of the brightness part of the area

L_{dark}: The luminance of the darkest part of the area

1. Adjacent Area

Luminance Uniformity =
$$\frac{L_{dark}}{L_{bright}} \ge 0.90$$

over a circular area of 10mm diameter placed anywhere on the screen.

2. Screen Total

Luminance Uniformity =
$$\frac{L_{dark}}{L_{bright}} \ge 0.70$$

over the entire screen.



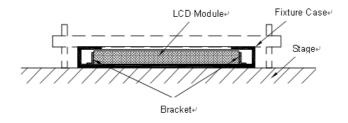
6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	(TBD)	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	(TBD)	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	(TBD)	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	(TBD)	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	(TBD)	
Vibration Test		
(Non-operation)	(TBD)	
Shock Test		
(Non-operation)	(TBD)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	(TBD)	
On/Off Test	(TBD)	
Altitude Test	(TBD)	
carton packing Vibration	(TBD)	Non Operation
carton packing Dropping Test	(TBD)	Non Operation

- Note (1) criteria: Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.
- Note (2) Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for more than two hour
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:

At Room Temperature





7. PACKING

7.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) (TBD) LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: (TBD)
- (3) Weight: approximately: (TBD) kg

7.2 PACKING METHOD

Packaging method is TBD

Figure. 7-1 Packing method

7.3 PALLET

Pallet arrangement is TBD

Figure. 7-2 Packing method

7.4 UN-PACKING METHOD

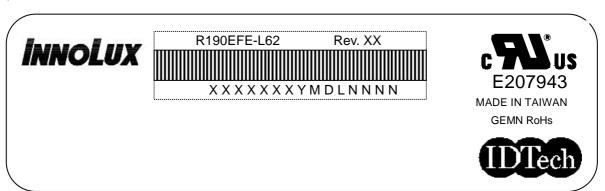
UN-packaging method is TBD

Figure. 7-3 Un-packing method



8. INX MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: R190EFE-L62

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) INX barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description	
XX	INX internal use	-	
XX	Revision	Cover all the change	
Х	INX internal use	-	
XX	INX internal use	-	
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.	
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,	
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product	



9. PRECAUTIONS

9.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10)When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.

9.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0° C to 35° C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

9.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude ,display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact INX for application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

9.4 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

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9.5 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

9.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

Appendix. OUTLINE DRAWING



